

PENGARUH RASIO LIKUIDITAS, RASIO LEVERAGE, DAN RASIO PROFITABILITAS TERHADAP HARGA SAHAM DENGAN AUDIT REPORTING LAG SEBAGAI VARIABEL INTERVENING PADA PERUSAHAAN MANUFAKTUR YANG TERDAFTAR DI BURSA EFEK INDONESIA PERIODE 2012 – 2014

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Skripsi

Diajukan sebagai salah satu syarat
untuk memperoleh gelar Sarjana Ekonomi

Program Studi Akuntansi

Konsentrasi Pemeriksaan Akuntansi



KWIK KIAN GIE
SCHOOL OF BUSINESS

INSTITUT BISNIS dan INFORMATIKA KWIK KIAN GIE
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PENGESAHAN

PENGARUH RASIO LIKUIDITAS, RASIO LEVERAGE, DAN RASIO PROFITABILITAS TERHADAP HARGA SAHAM DENGAN AUDIT REPORTING LAG SEBAGAI VARIABEL INTERVENING PADA PERUSAHAAN MANUFAKTUR YANG TERDAFTAR DI BURSA EFEK INDONESIA PERIODE 2012 – 2014

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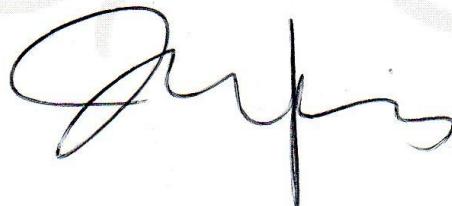
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Rizka Indri Arfianti, S.E., Ak., M.M., M.Ak.



ABSTRAK

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Yiska Nathania / 36120088 / 2016 / Pengaruh Rasio Likuiditas, Rasio Leverage, dan Rasio Profitabilitas terhadap Harga Saham dengan *Audit Reporting Lag* sebagai Variabel Intervening pada Perusahaan Manufaktur yang Terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia periode 2012-2014 / Rizka Indri Arfianti S.E., Ak., M.M., M.Ak.

Perusahaan dengan rasio keuangan yang baik akan mempunyai harga saham yang baik juga, hal ini karena salah satu cara penilaian investor dalam berinvestasi adalah dengan menilai kinerja perusahaan melalui analisis rasio keuangan pada laporan keuangan perusahaan. Laporan keuangan yang dipublikasi oleh perusahaan *go public* wajib diaudit oleh auditor, hal ini menyebabkan timbulnya *audit reporting lag*. *Audit reporting lag* yang panjang akan mengurangi nilai dari laporan keuangan tersebut. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis pengaruh dari rasio likuiditas, rasio leverage dan rasio profitabilitas terhadap harga saham dengan *audit reporting lag* sebagai variable intervening.

Teori yang mendasari penelitian ini adalah teori keagenan dan teori efisiensi pasar. Untuk mencegah timbulnya masalah kepentingan antara *agent* dan *principal* dibutuhkan pihak ketiga yang bersifat netral, yaitu auditor untuk mengaudit laporan keuangan sebelum dipublikasi. Berdasarkan teori efisiensi pasar harga saham yang diperdagangkan akan menyesuaikan secara cepat terhadap informasi baru yang berhubungan dengan sekuritas. Penelitian ini menggunakan harga saham sebagai variable dependen, rasio likuiditas, rasio leverage, rasio profitabilitas sebagai variable independen, dan *audit reporting lag* sebagai variable intervening.

Sampel penelitian ini adalah perusahaan manufaktur yang terdaftar dalam Bursa Efek Indonesia (BEI) periode 2012-2014 dengan jumlah sample sebanyak 255. Teknik pengambilan sampel yang digunakan adalah teknik *Non-Probability Sampling* dengan metode *Judgement Purposive Sampling*. Teknik analisis data melalui uji regresi linear berganda melalui software SPSS 20.

Berdasarkan hasil statistic deskriptif menunjukkan bahwa rata-rata harga saham adalah 3.885,81 rupiah dan panjang *audit reporting lag* adalah selama 76 hari. Hasil uji F untuk model I menunjukkan nilai sig 0,001 yang berarti secara bersama-sama rasio likuiditas, leverage, dan profitabilitas berpengaruh terhadap *audit reporting lag* sebesar 7,9% dan untuk model II nilai sig sebesar 0,000 yang berarti secara bersama-sama rasio likuiditas, leverage, profitabilitas, dan *audit reporting lag* berpengaruh terhadap harga saham sebesar 28,7%.

Penelitian ini berhasil membuktikan bahwa rasio leverage dan rasio profitabilitas berpengaruh terhadap *audit reporting lag*, rasio profitabilitas dan *audit reporting lag* berpengaruh terhadap harga saham, dan rasio leverage berpengaruh terhadap harga saham melalui *audit reporting lag*. Sedangkan tidak cukup bukti bahwa rasio likuiditas berpengaruh terhadap *audit reporting lag*, rasio likuiditas dan rasio leverage berpengaruh terhadap harga saham, dan rasio likuiditas dan rasio profitabilitas berpengaruh terhadap harga saham melalui *audit reporting lag*.

Kata Kunci: likuiditas, leverage, profitabilitas, *audit reporting lag*, harga saham

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ABSTRACT

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- Yiska Nathania / 36120088 / 2016 / *The Influence of Liquidity Ratio, Leverage Ratio, and Profitability Ratio on Stock Price with Audit Reporting Lag as Intervening Variable In Manufacturing Companies Listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange Period 2012 -2014 / Rizka Indri Arfianti S.E., Ak., M.M., M. Ak.*

Company with good financial ratio will have a good stock price too, it's because one of investor's assessment in investing is to assess the performance of the company through financial ratio analysis on the company's financial statements. The financial statements published by the go public company must be audited by an auditor, this caused audit reporting lag. Audit reporting long lag will reduce the value of these financial statements. This study aimed to analyze the influence of liquidity ratio, leverage ratio, and profitability ratio on stock price with audit reporting lag as an intervening variable..

The theory underlying this study are agency theory and capital efficiency theory. To prevent the problem of interest between the agent and the principal takes a neutral third party, that is auditor to audit the financial statements prior to publication. Based on the theory of market efficiency traded stock price will adjust quickly to new information related to the securities. This study uses the stock price as dependent variable, liquidity ratios, leverage ratios, profitability ratios as independent variable, and audit reporting lag as intervening variable.

The sample was manufacturing companies listed in the Indonesia Stock Exchange (IDX) during the period from 2012 to 2014 with total 255 samples. The sampling technique used is Non-Probability Sampling with Judgement purposive sampling method. Data analysis techniques through multiple linear regression through the software SPSS 20.

The results of descriptive statistics show that the average share price was 3,885.81 rupiah and audit reporting lag length is 76 days. F test results for model I showed sig value 0,001 which means simultaneously liquidity ratios, leverage, and profitability affect the audit reporting lag in 7,9% and for model II sig value of 0.000, which means simultaneously liquidity ratios, leverage, profitability, and audit reporting lag effect on stock price in 28,7%.

This study was able to prove that leverage ratio and profitability ratio affect audit reporting lag, profitability ratio and audit reporting lag affect stock price, and leverage ratio affect stock price through audit reporting lag. While there was insufficient evidence that liquidity ratio affect audit reporting lag, liquidity ratio and leverage ratio affect stock price, and liquidity ratio and profitability ratio affect stock price through audit reporting lag.

Keywords: liquidity, leverage, profitability, audit reporting lag, stock price

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Puji dan syukur penulis panjatkan kepada Tuhan Yang Maha Esa atas rahmat dan anugerah-Nya sehingga penulis dapat menyelesaikan skripsi yang berjudul “Pengaruh Rasio Likuiditas, Rasio Leverage, dan Rasio Profitabilitas Terhadap Harga Saham dengan Audit Reporting Lag sebagai Variabel Intervening pada Perusahaan Manufaktur yang Terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia periode 2012-2014”. Skripsi ini dibuat sebagai salah satu syarat untuk memperoleh gelar Sarjana Ekonomi di Institut Bisnis dan Informatika Kwik Kian Gie.

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Penulis menyadari bahwa dalam penyusunan skripsi ini masih jauh dari kesempurnaan karena keterbatasan pengetahuan dan pengalaman yang dimiliki. Oleh karena itu, penulis sangat mengharapkan saran dan kritik yang membangun dari para pembaca demi perbaikan dan penyempurnaan skripsi ini.

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Jakarta, Agustus 2016

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 - b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar IBIKKG.
2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin IBIKKG.